

Installation- and maintenance instruction

B 30 A FAME/RME J/K

Burner Pro-S3 DV 57 C IP40









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1. General Information

The burner may only be used for its intended purpose in accordance with the product's technical data.

We reserve the right to make design changes and cannot be held liable for any misprints or typographical errors.

Modifying the design or using accessories or components that have not been approved by Enertech in writing is strictly prohibited.

This Installation and Maintenance manual:

- is to be regarded as part of the burner and must always be kept near the installation site.
- must be read prior to installation.
- is intended for use by authorised personnel.

1.1 Delivery inspection

- Make sure everything is delivered and the goods have not been damaged during transit.
 Transport damage must be reported to the shipping company.
- If something is wrong with a delivery, report it to the supplier.

1.2 Safety

- before installation:

- Installation and work on the burner and associated system components may only be carried out by persons who have undergone relevant training.
- The product is packaged to prevent damage from occurring when handled – Handle the product with care! Lifting equipment must be used to lift larger packages.
- The products must be transported/stored on a level surface in a dry environment, max. 80% relative humidity, no condensation.
 Temperature -20 to +60 °C.

- installation:

- The burner must be installed in accordance with local regulations for fire safety, electrical safety, and fuel distribution.
- The premises must comply with local regulations pertaining to use of the burner, and must have adequate air supply.
- The installation site must be free of chemicals.
- Fire extinguisher with Class BE recommended.
- Make sure when installing the burner that there is enough space to service the burner.
- The electrical installation must be professionally carried out in accordance with current mains electricity regulations and in a professional manner.
- Make sure that the burner is suitable for the application (see Technical Data).
- All components must be installed without being bent, twisted or subjected to mechanical or thermal forces that affect components.



- Care must be taken by the installer to ensure that no electrical cables or fuel lines are pinched or otherwise damaged during installation or service.
- Flame tubes, fan wheels and air dampers, for example, may contain sharp edges.

- before first start:

- The burner must not be put into operation without proper safety and protection devices.
- Permitted ambient temperature during operation -10 to +60 °C. Max. 80% relative humidity, no condensation.
- The surface temperature of the burner's components may exceed $60\ ^{\circ}\text{C}.$
- Handle with caution the burner has moving parts, and there is risk
 of crushing injuries.
- Seal inspections must be performed during installation and servicing to prevent leakage.
- fitting and installation work has been completed and approved.
- electrical installation has been correctly performed.
- flue gas ducts and combustion air ducts are not blocked.
- all actuators and control and safety devices are in working order and correctly set.
- If the boiler is equipped with an access hatch, this must be equipped with a hatch opening switch connected to the burner's safety system.
- When in operation, the burner's noise level can exceed 85 dBA use hearing protection!

- Operation:

- Carry out all stipulated settings, service and inspection work within the set time.
- If the oil burner control has a solid red light, contact your installer.



1.3 General requirements FAME/RME

- The fuel must meet the requirements of standard EN 14214 for FAME.
- The fuel must be stored and used according to the manufacturer's
 instructions. It should typically be used within 6 months of
 manufacture. Fuel that is allowed to age loses its oxidation stability
 and produces aggressive constituents. These may cause oxidation
 damage to components in the oil system. The fuel should be stored in
 a cool and dark area.
- The RME tank must be made of metal or dark coloured plastics approved for the fuel.
- Burners fuelled by FAME (RME) are and must be equipped with parts designed for this fuel. This applies to oil-related parts such as the pump, solenoid valve, oil filter and hoses.
- Oil hoses must be of high-quality fluoride rubber or PTFE intended for FAME/RME, and the hoses must be fitted with fire-retardant sleeves in order to satisfy requirements according to EN-ISO 6806.
- The installation should be performed as a single-pipe system. Copper should be avoided the fuel system since the fuel and copper have an oxidising effect on each other.
- Annual cleaning and checking for the presence of water in the tank should be done to avoid corrosion and microorganisms.

2. Technical data

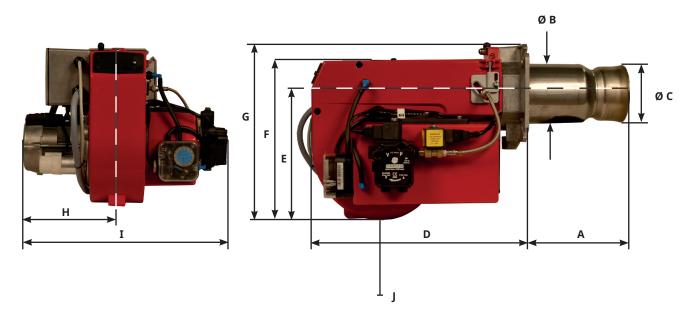
The burner is intended for:

• Operation in installations according to EN 303, EN 267 and EN 746-2.

Fuels:

- FAME/RME according to EN 14214.
- HVO/XTL according to EN 15940.
- Fuel oil according to DIN 51603-1.
- Fuel oil A Bio 10 according to DIN 51603-6.

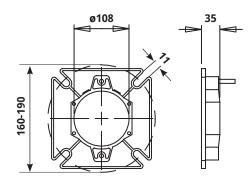
2.1 Dimensioner B 30 A



Α	ØВ	øс	D	E	F	G	н	1.0	* J
187/315	104	108	372	220	281	303	175	382	200

^{*} Min. recommended distance to floor.

2.1.1 Dimensions flange



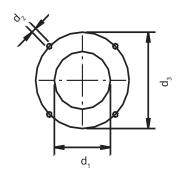
165 205 94-3

2.2 Burner installation

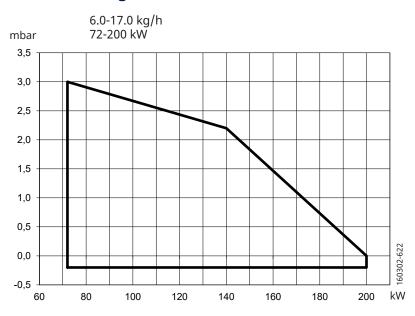
2.2.1 Hole patten

Make sure the hole pattern on the boiler is designed for fixing flange.

d1	d2	d3
ø 115	10	ø 160-190

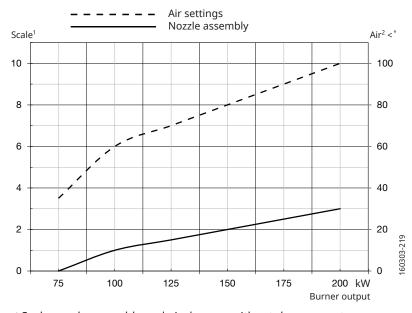


2.3 Working field



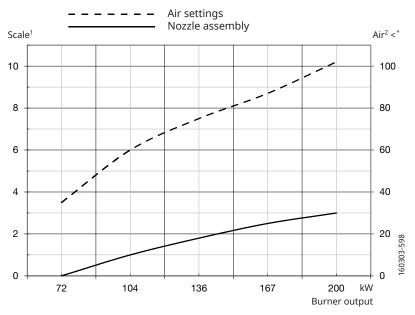
Do not exceed working field.

2.4 Basic settings - Fuel oil



- $^{\mbox{\tiny 1}}$ Scale nozzle assembly and air damper without damper motor.
- ² Settings air damper with damper motor.

2.5 Basic settings - HVO/XTL



- ¹ Scale nozzle assembly and air damper without damper motor.
- ² Settings air damper with damper motor.

Flame signal

When operating at high power or low air excess and HVO/XTL is used as fuel, the flame signal may deteriorate (blue flame), the signal lamp in the reset button flashes green.

By lowering the air velocity or changing the flame detector to QRC1 A1, the flame signal can be improved.

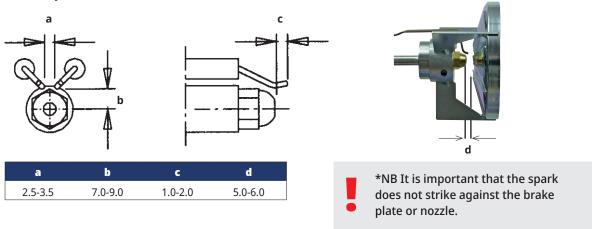
2.6 Technical specification

	B 30 A
Main supply	230V, 1~, 2.6A 50Hz, IP40
Max fuse rating	6.3A
El _{min} preheater excluded	1.30A, 281W
El _{max} preheater excluded	1.40A, 297W
P _{SB}	0.03A, 7W
NO _x -class	2
Noise level	82dBA

Measurements according to EN 15036-1:2006

- Alt.1 The noise level of the burner can be reduced by equipping the burner with silencer. Installation must be done so it does not prevent air supply to the burner.
- Alt.2 The burner's noise level can be reduced by connecting the burner's air intake to the air duct that opens into an appropriate location. Installation must be done so it does not prevent air supply to the burner.

2.7 Setting of ignition electrodes and brake plate



2.8 Nozzle and pump pressure

Due to different furnace geometries and capacities, it is not possible to recommend a nozzle model.

Nozzle:	45° Solid/semisolid
	60° Solid/semisolid
	80° Solid/semisolid
Pump pressure:	10 bar (8-25 bar) depending on pump model

2.9 Nozzle table

Pump	pressure	bar ₁₀			11			12			13	
Gph	kg/h	kW	Mcal/h	kg/h	kW	Mcal/h	kg/h	kW	Mcal/h	kg/h	kW	Mcal/h
1,00	3,72	44	38	3,90	46	40	4,08	48	42	4,24	50	43
1,10	4,09	48	42	4,29	51	44	4,48	53	46	4,67	55	48
1,20	4,47	53	46	4,68	55	48	4,89	58	50	5,09	60	52
1,25	4,65	55	47	4,88	58	50	5,10	60	52	5,30	63	54
1,35	5,02	59	51	5,27	62	54	5,50	65	56	5,73	68	58
1,50	5,58	66	57	5,85	69	60	6,11	72	62	6,36	75	65
1,65	6,14	73	63	6,44	76	66	6,73	80	69	7,00	83	71
1,75	6,51	77	66	6,83	81	70	7,14	85	73	7,42	88	76
2,00	7,45	88	76	7,81	93	80	8,16	97	83	8,49	101	87
2,25	8,38	99	85	8,78	104	90	9,18	109	94	9,55	113	97
2,50	9,31	110	95	9,76	116	100	10,19	121	104	10,61	126	108
2,75	10,24	121	104	10,73	127	109	11,21	133	114	11,67	138	119
3,00	11,16	132	114	11,71	139	119	12,23	145	125	12,73	151	130
3,50	13,03	154	133	13,66	162	139	14,27	169	146	14,85	176	151
4,00	14,89	176	152	15,62	185	159	16,31	193	166	16,97	201	173
4,50	16,75	199	171	17,57	208	179	18,35	218	187	19,10	226	195
5,00	18,62	220	190	19,52	231	199	20,39	242	208	21,22	252	216
5,50	20,48	243	209	21,47	255	219	22,43	266	229	23,34	277	238
6,00	22,34	265	228	23,42	278	239	24,47	290	250	24,46	302	260
6,50	24,20	287	247	25,37	301	259	26,51	314	270	27,58	327	281
7,00	26,06	309	266	27,33	324	279	28,55	339	291	29,70	352	303
7,50	27,92	331	285	29,28	347	299	30,59	363	312	31,83	377	325
8,00	29,79	353	304	31,23	370	318	32,63	387	333	33,95	403	346
8,50	31,65	375	323	33,18	393	338	34,66	411	353	36,07	428	368
9,00	33,59	398	343	35,14	417	358	63,71	435	374	38,19	453	389
9,50	35,37	419	361	37,09	440	378	38,74	549	395	40,31	478	411
10,00	37,23	441	380	39,04	463	398	40,78	484	416	42,44	503	433
11,00	40,96	486	418	42,94	509	438	44,86	532	457	46,68	554	476
12,00	44,68	530	456	46,85	556	478	48,94	580	499	50,92	604	519
14,00	52,12	618	531	54,65	648	557	57,10	677	582	59,41	705	606
16,00	59,57	706	607	62,46	741	637	65,26	774	666	67,90	805	692
18,00	67,02	795	683	70,27	833	717	73,41	871	749	76,39	906	779
20,00	74,47	883	759	78,08	926	796	81,57	967	832	84,87	1007	865
22,00	81,91	971	835	85,89	1019	876	89,73	1064	915	93,36	1107	952
24,00	89,36	1060	911	93,70	1111	956	97,88	1161	998	101,85	1208	1039
26,00	96,81	1148	987	101,50	1204	1035	106,04	1258	1081	110,33	1308	1168

The table applies to oil with a viscosity of 4.4 $\,\mathrm{mm^2/s}$ (cSt) at a density of 830 $\,\mathrm{kg/m^3}$.

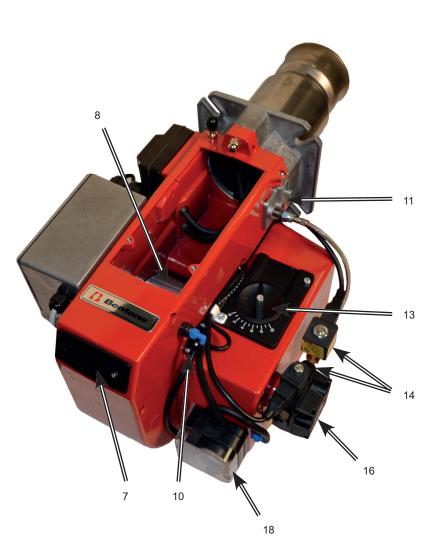
RME energy content 10,4 kWh/kg.

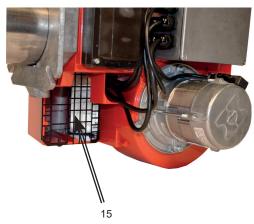
Pump	oressure	bar 14			15			16			17	
Gph	kg/h	kW	Mcal/h	kg/h	kW	Mcal/h	kg/h	kW	Mcal/h	kg/h	kW	Mcal/h
1,00	4,40	52	45	4,56	54	46	4,71	56	48	4,85	57	49
1,10	4,84	57	49	5,01	59	51	5,18	61	53	5,34	63	54
1,20	5,29	63	54	5,47	65	56	5,65	67	58	5,82	69	59
1,25	5,51	65	56	5,70	68	58	5,89	70	60	6,07	72	62
1,35	5,95	70	61	6,15	73	63	6,36	75	65	6,55	78	67
1,50	6,60	78	67	6,83	81	70	7,06	84	72	7,27	86	74
1,65	7,27	86	74	7,52	89	77	7,77	92	79	8,01	95	82
1,75	7,71	91	79	7,97	95	81	8,24	98	84	8,49	101	87
2,00	8,81	104	90	9,12	108	93	9,42	112	96	9,71	115	99
2,25	9,91	118	101	10,26	122	105	10,60	126	108	10,92	130	111
2,50	11,01	131	112	11,39	135	116	11,77	140	120	12,13	144	124
2,75	12,11	144	123	12,53	149	128	12,95	154	132	13,35	158	136
3,00	13,21	157	135	13,67	162	139	14,13	168	144	14,56	173	148
3,50	15,42	183	157	15,95	189	163	16,49	196	168	16,99	201	173
4,00	17,62	209	180	18,23	216	186	18,84	223	192	19,42	230	198
4,50	19,82	235	202	20,51	243	209	21,20	251	216	21,84	259	223
5,00	22,03	261	225	22,79	270	232	23,55	279	240	24,27	288	247
5,50	24,23	287	247	25,07	297	256	25,91	307	264	26,70	317	272
6,00	26,43	313	270	27,49	326	280	28,27	335	288	29,13	345	297
6,50	28,63	340	292	29,63	351	302	30,62	363	312	31,55	374	322
7,00	30,84	366	314	31,91	378	325	32,98	391	336	33,98	403	374
7,50	33,04	392	337	34,19	405	349	35,33	419	360	36,41	432	371
8,00	35,25	418	359	36,47	433	372	37,69	447	384	38,80	460	396
8,50	37,45	444	382	38,74	459	395	40,04	475	408	41,26	489	421
9,00	39,65	470	404	41,02	486	418	42,40	503	432	43,69	518	446
9,50	41,85	496	427	43,30	514	442	44,75	531	456	46,11	547	470
10,00	44,06	523	449	45,58	541	465	47,11	559	480	47,11	559	480
11,00	48,46	575	494	50,14	595	511	51,82	615	528	53,40	633	545
12,00	52,87	627	539	54,70	648	558	56,53	670	576	58,25	691	594
14,00	62,68	732	629	63,81	757	651	65,95	778	669	67,96	806	693
16,00	70,49	836	719	72,93	865	744	75,38	894	769	77,67	921	792
18,00	79,30	940	809	82,05	973	837	84,80	1006	865	87,38	1036	891
20,00	88,11	1045	899	91,17	1081	930	94,22	1117	961	97,09	1151	990
22,00	96,92	1149	988	100	1189	1023	104	1229	1057	107	1267	1089
24,00	106	1254	1078	109	1297	1116	113	1341	1153	116	1382	1188
26,00	115	1359	1168	119	1406	1209	122	1453	1249	126	1497	1287

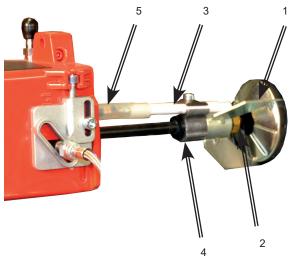
The table applies to oil with a viscosity of 4.4 mm2/s (cSt) at a density of 830 kg/m3.

RME energy content 10,4 kWh/kg

2.10 Components



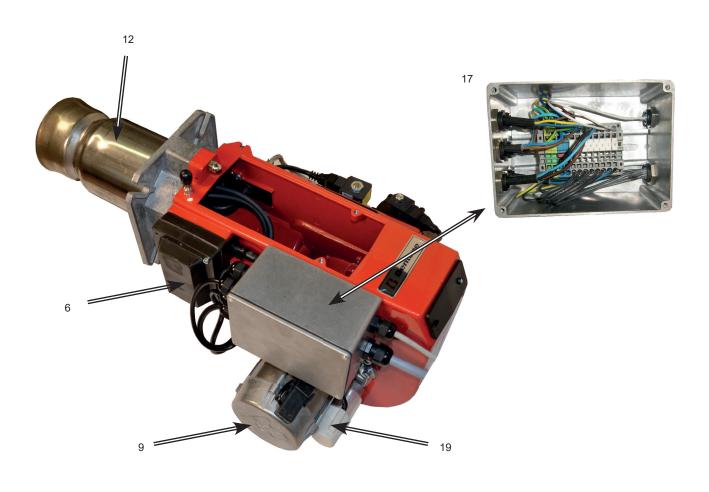


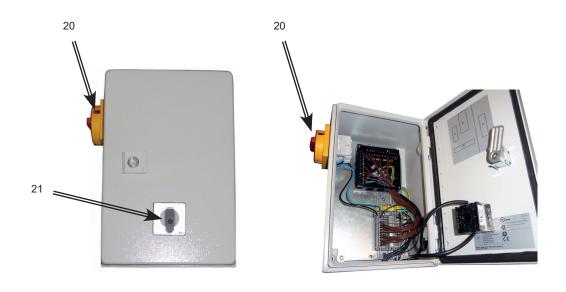


- 1. Brake plate
- 2. Nozzle
- 3. Ignition electrodes
- 4. Nozzle assembly
- 5. Ignition cable
- 6. Ignition transformer
- 7. Cover, inspection glass

- 8. Fan wheel
- 9. Motor
- 10. Flame detector
- 11. Nozzle assembly adjustment
- 12. Flame tube
- 13. Air setting
- 14. Solenoid valve

- 15. Air intake
- 16. Pump
- 17. Electric box
- 18. Air pressure switch
- 19. Capacitor
- 20. Main switch
- 21. Switch 0-I





3. Electric equipment

3.1 Safety system

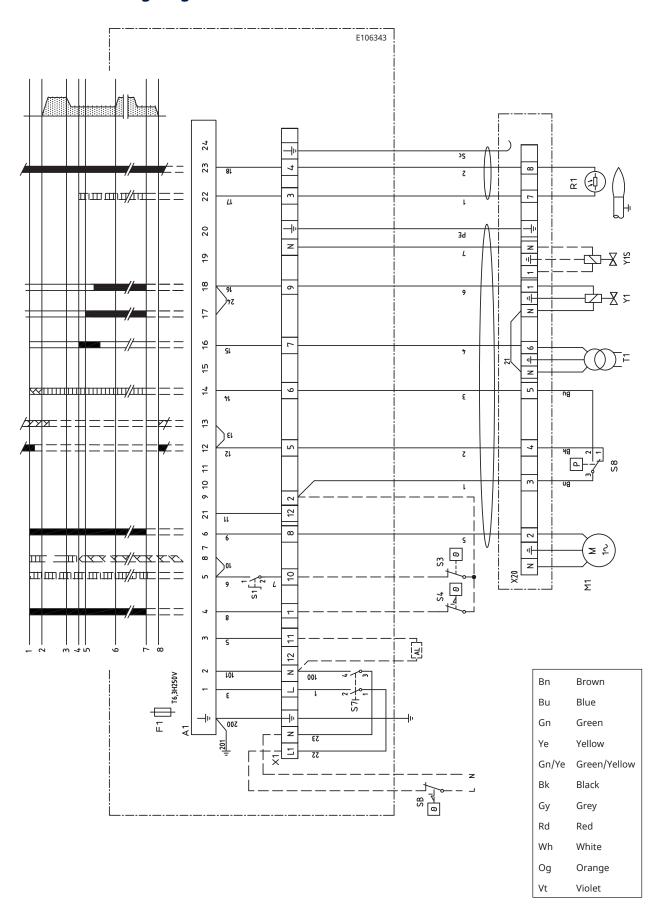
The safety system (safety switch for hatches, doors, water level, pressure, temperature and other safety devices) must be installed in the safety circuit in accordance with current regulations for the system.

The cables of the safety system must be separated so that the outgoing signal is not placed in the same cable as the incoming signal.

3.2 Componenter

A1	Burner control	S7	Main switch
F1	Operating fuse	S8	Air pressure switch
M1	Motor	T1	Ignition transformer
R1	Flame detector	X1	Connection block
S1	Operating switch	X20	Connection terminal board
S3	Regulating/Operating	Y1	Solenoid valve
	thermostat	Y1S	Safety solenoid valve
S4	Temperature/pressure limiter		

3.3 Wiring diagram



4. Control

4.1 Technical data

	BP230UVFR-S2	BP230UVFR-S3
Pre-purge time (t1)	30.7 s	37.2 s
Pre-ignition time (t3)	6 s	2.5 s
Safety time (TSA)	3 s	5 s
Post-purge time (t6)	16.8 s	14.9 s
Reaction time for low interrupt	1 s	1 s
Ambient temperature BP	-40 to +60 °C	-40 to +60 °C
Ambient temperature UV5	-20 to +60 °C	-20 to +60 °C
Max. current, terminals 6-7	2 A	2 A
Max. current, other terminals	1 A	1 A
Ionisation current	3-10 μΑ	-

4.2 LED indicator lamps

BurnerPRO's burner control has seven LEDs which indicate the operating status of the control unit and the cause of the lockouts.

Each LED has an icon describing its function.

	FAN	Lights up when voltage is supplied to the fan motor (terminal 6)
=	OPEN DAMPER 6	Flashes when the damper motor runs to maximum position. When the switch for the maximum damper motor position closes, this LED will light continuously.
Z	CLOSE DAMPER 5	Flashes when the damper motor runs to minimum position. When the switch for the minimum damper motor position closes, this LED will light continuously.
\bigcirc	AUTO 4	Lights up when the Burner control is in normal operating mode.
∞	IGNITION 3	Indicates ignition
6	FLAME 2	Lights up when a flame is detected by the flame detector.
В	ALARM/STATUS	In lockout mode, the Alarm lamp lights up and the other LEDs light up to indicate lockout. Refer to "Fault codes".

The LEDs can show the flame strength in Control mode by pressing the reset button for 3 seconds when the Flame LED flashes during start-up. In Control mode, the Status LED shines yellow, the Fan LED flashes, and LEDs 2-6 show the flame signal strength. Each LED corresponds to 20% of the total flame signal. 5 lit LEDs correspond to 100% and 2 LEDs correspond to 40%.

4.3 Explanation of the different sequence modes

1. Operation

This is the control unit voltage supply.

2. System test

In this status mode, the control unit undergoes an internal test to verify correct functionality of the hardware and software.

3. **Preconditions for burner start-up**

The control unit verifies that the air pressure switch is in the depressurised position and a test of the fuel cut-off valve is carried out.

4. Heating requirement

The operating thermostat closes and voltage is supplied to connection 5 so that the control unit can start the burner.

Pre-purge begins

The control unit starts the fan. Connections 6 and 7

6. **Damper motor opens**

Control unit connection 9 sends a command to the damper motor to run at Max. mode. The control unit detects that the damper motor's end position switch indicates successful transition to the Max. load mode by supplying voltage to the connection 8 input. The control unit also performs a test to ensure that the air sensor detects airflow by monitoring connection 14.

7. Pre-purge

The combustion chamber is ventilated.

8. **Damper motor closes**

Following pre-purge, the control unit closes connection 10. The control unit detects that the damper motor is in the Low Load mode by supplying voltage to connection 8 on the control unit.

Ignition on

The control unit supplies voltage to the ignition transformer by activating connection 16.

10. **Fuel on**

The control unit activates the fuel valve by supplying voltage to connections 17 and 18 as well as to direct ignition systems.

11. Flame indication

Ignition transformer turns off. The flame signal is tested during this stage. If no flame is detected, the burner enters Lockout mode.

12. **Operating mode**

Once a flame is stable, the control unit transitions to Operating mode. There must be a flame signal. Voltage is supplied to connection 20.

13. Shutdown

Shutdown occurs when the heating requirement is met and power is cut off to the operating thermostat connection 5 . The control unit closes the fuel valves by cutting off power to outputs 18 and 20. The fan post-purges the combustion chamber.

14. Lockout

The control unit enters lockout mode when an internal or external fault is detected. The reset button and the remote-reset connection can be used to disable Lock mode. However, the control unit will revert to lockout mode if the fault is not rectified.

BURNER LOCKOUT

When lockout occurs, the LEDs indicate the cause. The control unit status is saved in the memory, even in the event of a power outage. By pressing the manual reset button on the control unit or remote reset.



Note! At remote reset: maximum 5 reset attempts within a 15 min period, after which qualified personnel must examine the burner before further reset attempts are made.

4.4 BurnerPro LED fault/lock code table

ÖN	FAULT	LED 1	LED 2	LED 3	LED 4	LED 5	LED 6	LED 7	POSSIBLE SOLUTION
	OPERATION LED ● = ON	Fan	Open damper	Closed	Auto	Ignition	Flame	Status	
	ICON	*	[+]	И	\bigcirc	8	③	\Box	
_	DIAGNOSTIC ERROR, MAIN MCU INLET	•						RED	Initial diagnostic error. Ensure correct status of inputs and outputs when the unit is turned on.
2	LOCAL RESET		•					RED	User-initiated manual reset/lockout or defective reset switch.
т	AIR SENSOR	•	•					RED	Air sensor signal [connection 14] could not be detected by the end of the safety time, or loss of the air sensor signal during burner operation
4	DIAGNOSTIC ERROR			•				RED	"The system detected voltage at terminal 16, 17, 18, or 19 at the incorrect time, or no voltage detected when necessary. Check cabling and makes sure the system is running on a single line phase (50/60Hz)"
2	IONISATION FLAME LOSS	•		•				RED	Flame loss. Inspect the system, check the gas pressure, flame detector, cabling, etc.
9	IONISATION CIRCUIT FAULT		•	•				RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
7	INTERNAL COMMUNICATION ERROR	•	•	•				RED	Reset the system to continue normal operation. Contact reseller/distributor if the fault persists.
∞	REMOTE RESET				•			RED	The user has pressed Remote Reset or the remote controller has short-circuited.
6	IONISATION FAULT	•			•			RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
10	MAIN PROGRAM SEQUENCE ERROR		•		•			RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
11	RAM TEST	•	•		•			RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
12	PROGRAM SEQUENCE ERROR			•	•			RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
13	READING ERROR INPUT	•		•	•			RED	Check cabling and makes sure the system is running on a single phase (50/60Hz)
14	TIMER2 ERROR		•	•	•			RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
15	CPU TEST FAILED	•	•	•	•			RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.

N Ö	FAULT	LED 1	LED 2	LED 3	LED 4	LED 5	PED 6	LED 7	POSSIBLE SOLUTION
16	FLAME LOSS	•				•		RED	Visually inspect the flame detector and confirm that the pilot light was lit
									during start-up. Check the fuel supply system.
17	CABLE FAULT		•			•		RED	The system detected voltage at terminal 16, 17, 18, or 19 at the incorrect time, or no voltage detected when necessary. Check cabling and makes sure the system is running on a single phase (50/60Hz)
18	SAFETY RELAY FAULT	•	•			•		RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor
19	FUEL VALVE OPEN			•		•		RED	Check fuel valve cabling. The valves may not be fully closed.
20	FLAME LOSS	•		•		•		RED	Visually inspect the flame detector and confirm that the main flame was
									lit during start-up. Check the fuel supply system.
21	WELDED SAFETY RELAY		•	•		•		RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
22	SELF TEST	•	•	•		•		RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
23	ROM ERROR				•	•		RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
24	FLAME LOSS DURING OPERATION	•			•	•		RED	Check the cabling. Check the flame detector. Check the fuel supply system.
25	RAM ERROR		•		•	•		RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
56	INTERNAL FAULT	•	•		•	•		RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
27	NOT USED								
28	NOT USED								
29	AMBIENT TEMPERATURE		•	•	•	•		RED	Ambient temperature below -40 °C or above 70 °C
30	ROM ERROR	•	•	•	•	•		RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
31	IONISATION SHORT-CIRCUIT						•	RED	Possible external short-circuit between terminals 23 and 24. Contact reseller/distributor if the fault persists.
32	TIME LIMIT EXCEEDED FOR CONTROL MODE	•					•	RED	30-minute activation time passed.
33	STANDBY FALSE FLAME		•					RED	False flame detected in Standby mode.
34	NOT USED							RED	

NO.	FAULT	LED 1	LED 2	LED 3	LED 4	LED 5	LED 6	LED 7	POSSIBLE SOLUTION
35	INTERNAL RESET			•			•	RED	Internal software reset of control unit. Contact reseller/distributor if the fault persists.
36	SOFTWARE RESET	•		•			•	RED	Internal software reset of control unit. Contact reseller/distributor if the fault persists.
37	WAITING TIME INPUTS		•	•			•	RED	The system was unable to perform airflow sensor test and/or valve closure test. Check the cabling. Check the air sensor and/or fuel valve switch.
38	INTERNAL RESET	•	•	•			•	RED	Internal software reset of control unit. Contact reseller/distributor if the fault persists.
39	SOFTWARE RESET				•		•	RED	Internal software reset of control unit. Contact reseller/distributor if the fault persists.
40	HARDWARE RESET	•			•		•	RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor if the fault persists.
41	HARDWARE RESET		•		•		•	RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor if the fault persists.
42	CONTROL PROGRAM FROZEN	•	•		•		•	RED	Replace the control unit. Contact the distributor/factory.
43	CONTROL PROGRAM FROZEN			•	•		•	RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
4	TIMER2 ERROR	•		•	•		•	RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
45	LOW VOLTAGE ERROR		•	•	•		•	RED	Check mains power. Contact reseller/distributor if the fault persists.
46	LOW VOLTAGE ERROR	•	•	•	•		•	RED	Check mains power. Contact reseller/distributor if the fault persists.
47	UV DETECTION FAULTY					•	•	RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
48	INTERNAL FAULT	•				•	•	RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
49	INTERNAL FAULT		•			•	•	RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
20	IGNITION FEEDBACK	•	•			•	•	RED	The system detected voltage at terminal 16 at the incorrect time, or no voltage. Check cabling and ensure sufficient earthing.
51	PILOT FEEDBACK			•		•	•	RED	The system detected voltage at terminal 17 at the incorrect time, or no voltage. Check cabling and ensure sufficient earthing.

NO.	FAULT	LED 1	LED 2	LED 3	LED 4	LED 5	PED 6	LED 7	POSSIBLE SOLUTION
52	MAINP FEEDBACK	•		•		•	•	RED	The system detected voltage at terminal 19 at the incorrect time, or no voltage. Check cabling and ensure sufficient earthing.
53	WAITING TIME FEEDBACK LIMIT EXCEEDED		•	•		•	•	RED	Loss of feedback from the damper motor for more than 10 minutes. Check the cabling. Check the damper motor.
54	MAIND FEEDBACK	•	•	•		•	•	RED	The system detected voltage at terminal 18 at the incorrect time, or no voltage. Check cabling and ensure sufficient earthing.
55	DIAGNOSTICS INTERRUPTED				•	•	•	RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
26	UV FALSE FLAME			•	•	•	•	RED	False flame detected prior to ignition. Check the cabling. Check the flame detector. Ensure sufficient earthing.
57	IONISATION FALSE FLAME			•	•	•	•	RED	False flame detected prior to ignition. Check the cabling. Check the flame detector. Ensure sufficient earthing.
28	OPEN FEEDBACK READING		•	•	•	•	•	RED	The system detected voltage at terminal 8 at the incorrect time, or no voltage. Check cabling and ensure sufficient earthing.
29	ADJACENT POLE SHORT- CIRCUIT	•			•	•	•	RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.
09	LOCAL RESET	•	•	•	•	•	•	RED	The local reset button has been pressed in for more than 10 seconds, or the reset button is stuck.
61	FUEL VALVE OPEN		•		•	•	•	RED	Fuel valve open at incorrect time.
62	STRONG UV FLAME	•	•		•	•	•	RED	Flame detector too close to the flame. Increase the distance between the flame detector and the flame.
63	INTERNAL FAULT					•		RED	Replace the control unit. Contact reseller/distributor.

4. Installation

4.1 General instructions

Oil burners must be installed in accordance with local regulations. The installer must therefore be knowledgeable of the regulations pertaining to oil and combustion.

Only oil suitable for the burner must be used and then in combination with a suitable oil filter installed before the burner's oil pump.

If the burner is replacing an existing burner, ensure that the oil filter is replaced or cleaned. Installation may only be performed by qualified personnel.

Care should be taken by the installer to ensure that electrical cables and oil lines are not pinched or otherwise damaged during installation or servicing.

4.2 Inspection and maintenance

The system must be maintained at the interval specified in the service schedule. If the burner is in a dirty environment, service should be done at more frequent intervals.

4.3 Start-up

In order to obtain the correct setting, a flue gas analysis and temperature measurement must be carried out. Otherwise, there is a risk of soot build up, poor efficiency or condensation in the chimney. The system must be fine-tuned at start-up. The temperature in the chimney at a depth of 0.5 m must be at least 60 °C to prevent condensation.

4.4 Preparing for installation

Check that the burner's dimensions and capacity range are suitable for the relevant boiler. The power data on the rating plate refers to the burner's minimum and maximum power.

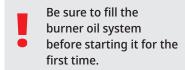
4.5 Oil distribution

In order to achieve good reliability, it is important that the oil distribution system is designed correctly.

Take the following into account:

- Selection of pipe diameter, pipe length and height difference; see Pump instruction.
- Pipelines are to be laid with the fewest possible number of glands.
- The pipes are to be laid so that the oil supply hoses are not subjected to tensile stresses or become excessively bent when the burner is swung out or removed for servicing.
- The oil filter should be installed so that the filter cartridge can easily be replaced or cleaned.
- Parts in contact with oil must be selected in materials that are capable of withstanding the medium's physical properties.
- When installing oil hoses, check that the inlet and return hoses are fitted to the appropriate connection on the oil pump. The hoses must be located so that they do not bend or become subject to tensile load.
- Bleed the oil system. The oil pump/oil preheater may be damaged if run dry. The vacuum in the suction line should not fall below 0.3 bar during start-up.





165 205 19-3

4.6 Electrical connection

- Before work on the electrical connection, the current must be disconnected so that the installation is isolated.
- Electrical connection must be done in accordance with the applicable regulations.
- Burners must be connected to an all-pole switch.
- Connection must conform to the wiring diagram.
- Use appropriately sized fuses.



If any electrical connection is used other than that recommended by Enertech, there may be a risk of damage to property and personal injury.

4.7 Handling and lifting instruction



The lifting aid are available as accessories.



6. Mounting of burner on boiler

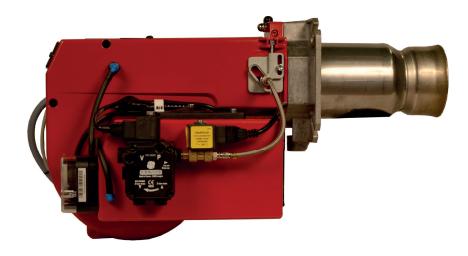
- 1. Remove fan housing from fixing flange.
- 2. Remove the brake plate from the oil line.
- 3. Install the selected nozzles, (see Technical data).
- 4. Install the brake plate on the oil line.
- 5. Remove the flame tube from the flange.
- 6. Install the flange with gasket on the boiler.
- Install flame tube, be sure to install the drainage hole downwards (not available on all flame tubes) so that any oil spills can drain out.
- 8. Insulate between flame tube and boiler door for reduced heat radiation.
- 9. Install the fan housing on the flange and lock with nuts.
- 10. Connect oil lines to the pump, (see chapter Service).
- 11. Connect the burner electrically, (see chapter Service).



When the burner has been installed and put into operation, the tightness of the various coupling elements should be checked, in case of leakage - retighten the coupling elements.

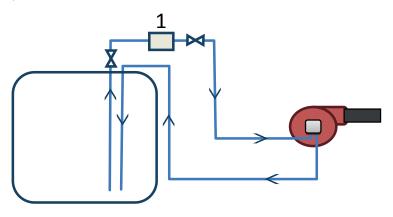






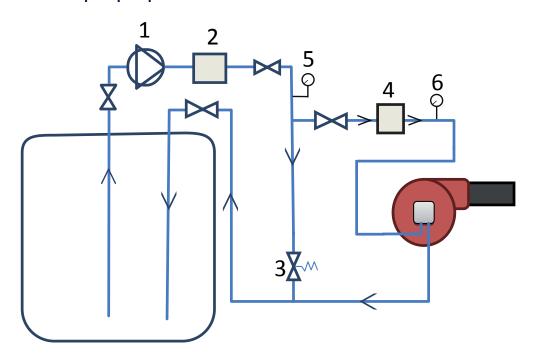
6.1.1 Proposed pipe routing for oil distribution systems without transport pump

This type of connection should be used only when the oil has a viscosity less than 6 $\,\text{mm}^2/\text{s}.$



1. Oil filter

6.1.2 Proposed pipe routing for oil distribution systems with transport pump



- 1. Transport oil pump
- 2. Heavy oil filter
- 3. Overflow valve 0.5 2.0 bar
- 4. Fine filter
- 5. Pressure gauge 1
- 6. Pressure gauge 2

5.2 Example of Basic settings

Basic settings should only be seen as setting values to get burner to start. Once the burner has started and established flame, it is necessary to adjust the settings so that they are adapted to the installation and the fuel used.

B 30 A

Burner output:	154 kW		
Estimated nozzle output:	154 / 11.86*	=	13.0 kg/h
(* Calorfic value Fuel oil		=	11.86 kWh/kg)

This provides the following nozzle according to the nozzle table, (see Technical data).

Nozzle:	3.50 Gph	
Pump pressure:	10.0 bar	

Setting values for 154 kW according to basic setting diagram, (see Technical data).

Air setting:	=	8.2
Insert setting:	=	2.1

6.3 Calculate prepurge time, Industrial applications

Formula symbol	Description	Example values
V	Volume fire box [m³]	1.56 m³
Q	Burner output [kW]	156 kW
Т	Prepurge time [s] Industrial applications according to EN 746.	
	The prepurge time must correspond to at least 5 comin the fire box and adapted compartments.	nplete air circulations

Calculate prepurge time using the following formula:

$$T = \frac{V \cdot 5}{Q \cdot 1.2 / 3600} \qquad T = \frac{1.56 \text{ m}^3 \cdot 5}{156 \text{ kW} \cdot 1.2 / 3600} = 150 \text{ s}$$

5.3 Air setting

Adjust the air setting by starting the burner and loosening the screw (E) that locks the air damper adjustment knob. Adjust the air damper position to the desired amount of air and lock the damper position with screw (E). The damper position can be read on the damper scale (F). Check air settings with flue gas analysis.

Recommended excess air

Exc	ess air flue gases	Max. % CO ₂
% O ₂	% CO ₂ Lambda 1.2	
3–5	≈12.5	15.4

5.4 Brake plate adjustment

The position of the brake plate must be adjusted to achieve the most favorable pressure drop across the brake plate. Loosen screw (C) and adjust the position of the brake plate with screw (B) for good combustion.



5.5 Setting the air pressure switch

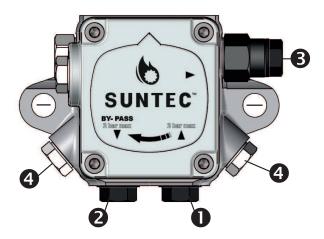
The air pressure switch must block the burner if the amount of air for combustion becomes too low. The air pressure switch must be set so that in the event of a lack of air supply at the burner's max. or min. capacity reacts before the monitored pressure drops so much that poor combustion occurs.

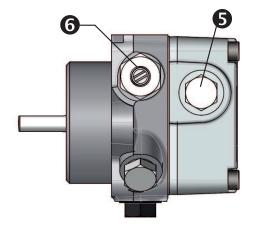
- 1. Remove protective cover.
- Be careful when adjusting the air pressure switch; it contains a live component.
- 2. Start the burner.
- 3. Carefully turn the scale on the air pressure switch clockwise until the air pressure switch stops the burner.
- 4. Measure and note the lowest air pressure in the entire work area.
- 5. Set the air pressure switch to about 10-15% lower than the lowest noted pressure.
- 6. Test run the burner and check the function in the entire work area.
- 7. Refit protective cover.



6. Pump Suntec D(V) 57C

Technical data		
One or two-pipe syste	m	
Viscosity range:	2 - 75 mm²/s	
Pressure range:	10 - 28 bar	
Rated voltage of coil:	220/240V	50/60 Hz
Oil temperature:	max 90°C	





Components

- 1. Suction
- 2. Return and internal by-pass plug
- 3. Nozzle outlet
- 4. Pressure gauge port
- 5. Vacuum gauge port
- 6. Pressure adjustment

6.1 Pump operating principle

The SUNTEC D oil pump is specially adapted for heavy oil (up to 75 cSt) and high working temperature (up to 90°C).

Applications

- B10 heating oil/biofuel blend (as defined in DIN V51603-6), medium and heavy oils.
- One-pipe or two-pipe system.
- System with in-line solenoid valve for cut-off.

Pump operating principle

The gear set draws oil from the tank through the built-in filter and transfers it to the valve that regulates the oil pressure to the nozzle line.

All oil which does not go through the nozzle line will be dumped through the valve back to the return line, in a two-pipe installation or, if installation is one-pipe, back to the suction port in the gear set. In that case the by-pass plug must be removed from the return port and the return port sealed by steel plug and washer.

Bleed

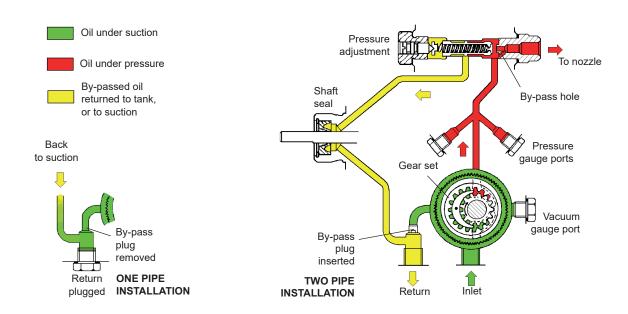
Bleeding in two pipe operation is automatic. In one pipe operation, during the starting period, air is purged through the nozzle line: the by-pass hole of the nozzle plug allows air to pass to the nozzle line without opening of the regulator valve.

For the first start up, bleeding can be accelerated by loosening the plug in a pressure gauge port. system

Note

Owing to the presence of the nozzle by-pass hole, the pump has no cut-off function. Cut-off must be provided by an external solenoid valve.

Models gear sizes "45" and "55" have a piston with a bleed slot to avoid build up of pressure in the nozzle and suction lines during shut down due to the expansion of oil caused by nozzle line heaters.



6.2 Suction line tables

6.2.1 Overlying tank

One-pipe system

Nozzle*/Düse* Gicleur*/Ugello* (US GPH)	0,50	0,60	0,80	1,00	1,5	50	2,0	00		4,00			6,00			9,	50	
H (m)	4	4	4	4	4	6	4	6	4	6	8	4	6	8	4	6	8	10
0	90	75	56	45	30	150	22	113	11	56	150	7	37	119	4	23	74	150
0,5	100	83	63	50	33	150	25	126	12	63	150	8	41	133	4	26	83	150
1	110	92	69	55	37	150	27	139	13	69	150	8	46	146	5	28	92	150
2	131	109	82	65	44	150	33	166	16	82	150	10	55	150	6	34	109	150
3	152	126	95	76	50	150	38	192	18	96	150	12	63	150	7	39	127	150
4	172	144	108	86	57	150	43	218	21	109	150	14	72	150	8	45	144	150

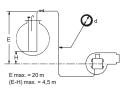
*A2L pumps : sum up the 2 nozzles/A2L-Pumpen : Summe der zwei Düsen pompe A2L : somme des 2 gicleurs/Per le pompe A2L aggiungere n.2 ugelli

Two-pipe system

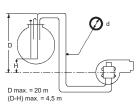
Pump/Pompe/P	ompa			/45 80				55 77				5 02				"5 30				95 50	
- 1-	,							<u> </u>													
H (m)	d (mm)	4	6	8	10	6	8	10	12	6	8	10	12	8	10	12	14	8	10	12	14
0		2	15	50	124	11	38	96	150	7	27	71	150	20	54	116	150	16	46	100	150
0,5		2	16	56	138	12	42	107	150	8	31	79	150	23	61	130	150	19	52	112	150
1		2	18	61	150	13	47	118	150	9	34	88	150	26	68	144	150	21	57	124	150
2		3	22	73	150	16	56	141	150	11	41	105	150	31	81	150	150	26	69	148	150
3		4	26	85	150	19	66	150	150	13	48	122	150	36	94	150	150	31	81	150	150
4		4	30	97	150	22	75	150	150	16	55	139	150	42	108	150	150	35	92	150	150
4		4	30		150										108	150	150	35	92		150

**Q = pump capacity @ 0 bar/Pumpenleistung bei 0 bar capacité de l'engrenage à 0 bar/portata della pompa a 0 bar.

One pipe siphon feed system Einstranginstallation - Tank höher als Pumpe Installation monotube en charge Impianti monotubo a sifone



Two pipe siphon feed system Zweistranginstallation - Tank höher als Pumpe Installation bitube en charge Impianti bitubo a sifone



6.2.2 Underlying tank

One-pipe system

With an underlying tank a one-pipe-system is not recommended

Two-pipe system

Pump/Pumpe Pompe/Pompa Q** (I/h)		35/4				55				68				75 13				95		
H (m) d (mm)	6	8	10	12	6	8	10	12	6	8	10	12	8	10	12	14	8	10	12	14
0	15	50	124	150	11	38	96	150	7	27	71	150	20	54	116	150	16	46	100	150
0,5	13	44	109	150	9	33	84	150	6	24	62	132	17	48	103	150	14	40	88	150
1	11	38	95	150	8	29	73	150	4	20	54	115	15	41	89	150	12	34	76	144
2	7	26	66	138	5	19	51	107	2	13	37	80	9	28	61	116	7	23	52	100
3	3	14	37	79		10	28	60		6	20	44	4	14	33	65		11	28	55
4			8	19			5	14				9			6	14			4	11

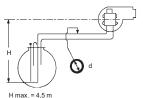
The suction line tables consist of theoretically calculated values where the pipe dimensions and oil velocity have been matched so that tur-bulences will not occur. Such tur-bulences will result in increased pressure losses and in acoustic noise in the pipe system. In addition to drawn copper piping a pipe system usually comprises 4 elbows, a non-return valve, a cut-off valve and an external oil filter.

The sum of these individual resi-stances is so insignificant that they can be disregarded. The tables do not include any lengths exceeding 100 m as experience shows that longer lengths are not needed.

The tables apply to a standard fuel oil of normal commercial quality according to current standards. On commis- sioning with an empty tube system the oil pump should not be run without oil for more than 5 min. (a condition is that the pump is being lubricated during operation).

The tables state the total suction line length in metres at a nozzle capacity of 9,5 Gph. Max. permissible pressure at the suction and pressure side is 2,0 bar.

Two pipe lift system
Zweistranginstallation - Tank tiefer als Pumpe
Installation bitube en aspiration
Impianti bitubo in aspirazione



6.3 Check oil line seals

Once the burner has been installed and commissioned, the seals of the various coupling elements should be checked.

When a leak is detected, it is usually sufficient to tighten the coupling element that is leaking.



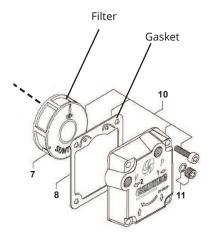
Use caution when operating the burner, surfaces may be hot.



When servicing oil bearing components, check for oil leakage when the burner is commissioned after servicing.

6.4 Replacement of pump filter

- 1. Close the oil supply to the burner
- 2. Loosen the pump cover's screws.
- 3. Remove the filter and gasket
- 4. Mount new gasket and filter
- 5. Refit the cover
- 6. Open the oil supply
- 7. Start the burner and check seals and combustion





When servicing/replacing components that affect combustion, flue gas analysis and soot test must be carried out following installation.

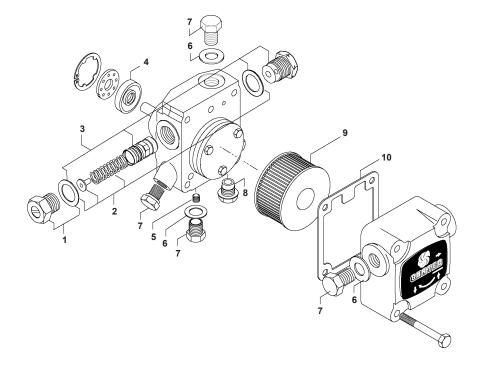
6.5 Replacing the gasket seal (pump)

Before obtaining access to electrical and fuel line components all supply circuits must be disconnected.

- 1. Disconnect hoses, oil pipes, and electrical cables
- 2. Loosen the pump (screw J)
- 3. Loosen the gasket seal's locking rings
- 4. Remove the old gasket seal (2)
- 5. Install the new gasket seal
- 6. Connect hoses, oil pipes, and electrical cables
- 7. Test run and check seals

Components

- Pressure adjusting plug assy (screw driver slot)
- 2. Pressure regulator kit 10 28 bars
- 3. No cut-off" piston + short nozzle plug
- 4. Shaft seal kit (lip seal + protective cone)
- 5. By-pass plug
- 6. G 1/4 gasket
- 7. G 1/4 steel plug
- 8. G 1/4 plastic plug
- 9. Filter
- 10. Cover gasket



7. Service

Service and maintenance work may only be performed by qualified personnel. Perform operational check of all safety systems and components at each service. Only Enertech original parts should be used when replacing components.



Use caution when operating the burner, surfaces may be hot.



7.1 Burner Service Schedule, Oil

Servicing must be carried out twice a year or after 3,000 hours of operation.

Burner	Twice a year	3,000 h	
Filter	Twice yearly replacement	3,000 h replacement	
Oil hose	Once yearly replacement		
Nozzle	Twice yearly replacement	3,000 h replacement	
Electrodes	Replace/Clean twice a year	Replace/Clean 3,000 h	
Brake disc	Replace/Clean twice a year	Replace/Clean 3,000 h	
Motor	Twice a year	3,000 h	
Drive shaft	Check/replace in the event of damage	Check/replace in the event of damage	
Fan wheel	Twice a year Replace if need for cleaning/imbalance	3,000 h Replace if need for cleaning/imbalance	
Tank	Check for water once a year Clean tank once a year		
Oil filter	Twice a year	3,000 h replacement	
Oil valve	Leakage check twice a year	Replace if leaky	

7.2 Component replacement intervals

Components	Service life – Recommended replacement	Service life – Recommended replacement Operating cycles
Control system	10 years	250,000 cycles
Pressure switch	10 years	250,000 cycles
Ignition system with flame guard	10 years	250,000 cycles
UV flame sensor	10,000 h	N/A
Damper motor		500,000 cycles
Contactor	10 years	500,000 cycles

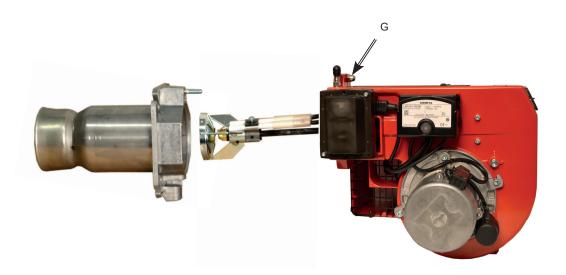


The burner and its components must be recycled according to applicable regulations.

7.3 Combustion device

- 1. Disconnect the main power and shut off the fuel supply.
- Before obtaining access to electrical and fuel line components all supply circuits must be disconnected.
- 2. Loosen nut (G) and lift fan housing off fixing flange.
- 3. Remove brake plate and electrode holder from the oil tube and clean.
- 4. Replace nozzle.
- 5. Clean or replace brake plate.
- 6. Check ignition electrodes, replace if necessary (see Technical data for adjustment).
- Fit brake plate and electrode holder, (see Technical data for adjustment).
- 8. Check flame tube and clean if necessary.
- 9. Install flame tube, be sure to install the drainage hole downwards (not available on all flame tubes) so that any oil spills can drain out.
- 10. Refit fan housing and fixing flange, lock with nut (G).
- 11. Switch on the main power and open the fuel supply.
- 12. Start burner and check/adjust combustion.

- Use caution when operating the burner, surfaces may be hot.
- NB: When soiled, always replace nozzles with new nozzles. Do not clean.



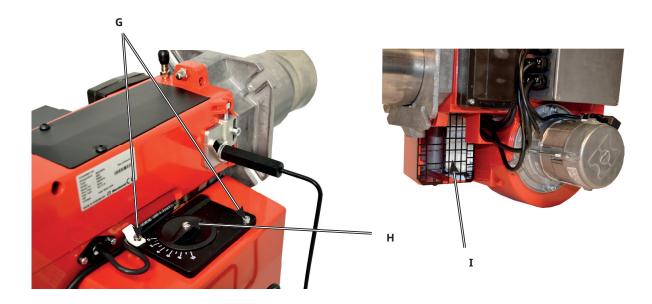
7.4 Air damper

1. Disconnect the main power and shut off the fuel supply.



Before obtaining access to electrical and fuel line components all supply circuits must be disconnected.

- 2. Note the setting of the air damper and loosen the regulator locking screw (H).
- 3. Loosen screws (G), set scale to 7 and lift up.
- 4. Remove the intake grille at the air intake.
- 5. Clean the air damper and air intake (I), lubricate the damper shaft if necessary.
- 6. Refit air damper and regulator.
- 7. Refit the intake grille.
- 8. Switch on the main power and open the fuel supply.
- 9. Start burner and check/adjust combustion.





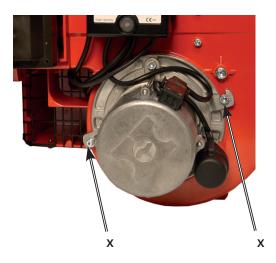
7.5 Fan

1. Disconnect the main power and shut off the fuel supply.



Before obtaining access to electrical and fuel line components all supply circuits must be disconnected.

- 2. Loosen the motor electrical connection and screws (X) enough to turn and lift out the motor.
- 3. Check the fan wheel attachment and any skew, replace if damaged.
- 4. Clean or replace the fan wheel.
- 5. Refit the parts, making sure that the drive shaft is correctly connected at both ends.
- 6. Switch on the main power and open the fuel supply.
- 7. Start burner and check/adjust combustion.





7.5.1 Replace drive shaft

- 1. Disconnect the main power and shut off the fuel supply.
- 2. Loosen the motor electrical connection and screws (X) enough to turn and lift out the motor.
- 3. Remove drive shaft and drive coupling from motor.
- 4. Replace drive shaft coupling on pump.
- 5. Refit coupling, pump and motor, making sure drive shaft is connected correctly at both ends.
- 6. Switch on the main power and open the fuel supply.



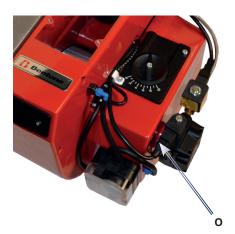
8.6 Replace oil pump

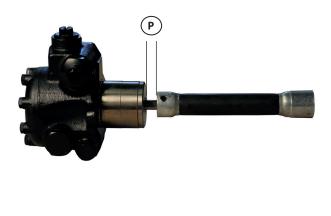
1. Disconnect the main power and shut off the fuel supply.



Before obtaining access to electrical and fuel line components all supply circuits must be disconnected.

- 2. Disconnect oil hoses from the pump.
- 3. Loosen screws (O) and pull out the oil pump.
- 4. Move the pump coupling over to the new pump and set the same distance (P) between pump and pump coupling as before to avoid pressure on the pump packing box.
- 5. Install the oil pump on the burner and tighten the screws (O). (It is important that the splines of the pump shaft are correctly inserted in the pump coupling).
- 6. Refit oil hoses.
- 7. Switch on the main power and open the fuel supply.
- 8. Bleed the pump.
- 9. Start burner and check/adjust combustion.

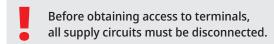






7.7 Replacement of electrical components

1. Disconnect the main power and switch off the fuel supply.



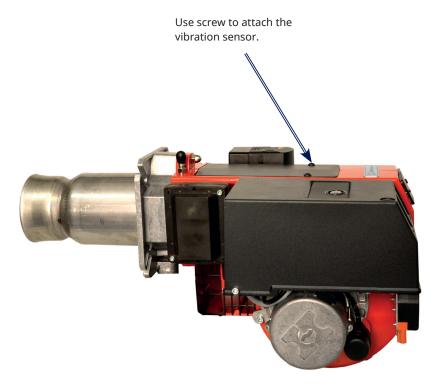
- 2. Note the connection of the existing component and disassemble.
- 3. Fit new component with same connection or with specified alternative connection
- 4. Switch on the main power and check the operation of the new component.
- 5. Start burner and check/adjust combustion.



7.8 Vibrations

Maximum permitted vibration level is 5.0 mm/s.

- Check tightness of fasteners.
- Check fan wheel for damage and contamination (replace if necessary).
- Check motor shaft and bearings. If they are worn, replace the motor.



7.8 Tightness check of solenoid valves

7.8.1 Burners with single solenoid valve

- Disconnect the power supply to solenoid valves Y1, Y2 and Y3.
- Run motor and pump check that no oil is coming out of the nozzle, replace solenoid valve if necessary.

7.8.2 Burner with safety solenoid valve Y1S

Check safety solenoid valve Y1S

- Disconnect power supply to safety solenoid valve Y1S.
- Provide power to solenoid valve Y1.
 On multi-stage burners, it is sufficient to power one valve.
- Run motor and pump check that no oil is coming out of the nozzle, replace solenoid valve if necessary.

Check solenoid valves Y1, Y2 and Y3

- Disconnect the power supply to solenoid valves Y1, Y2 and Y3.
- Provide power to safety solenoid valve Y1S.
- Run motor and pump check that no oil is coming out of the nozzle, replace solenoid valve if necessary.

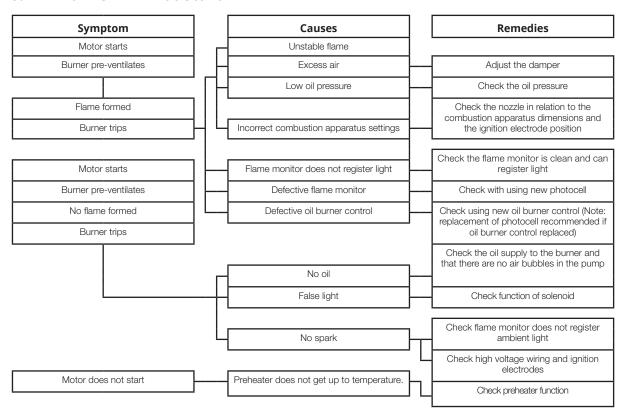


Use Loctite 5188 on threaded oil pipelines.

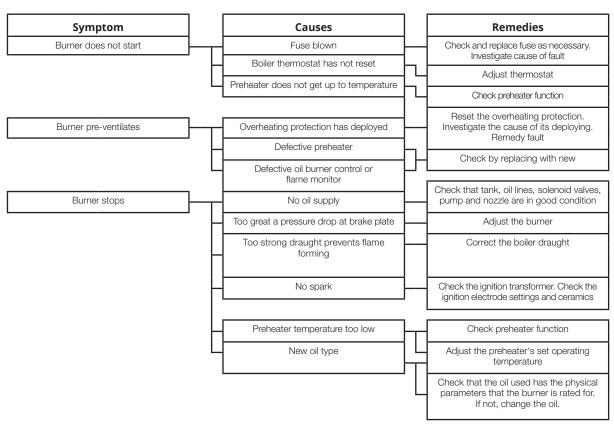


8. Fault Location

8.1 Burner will not start

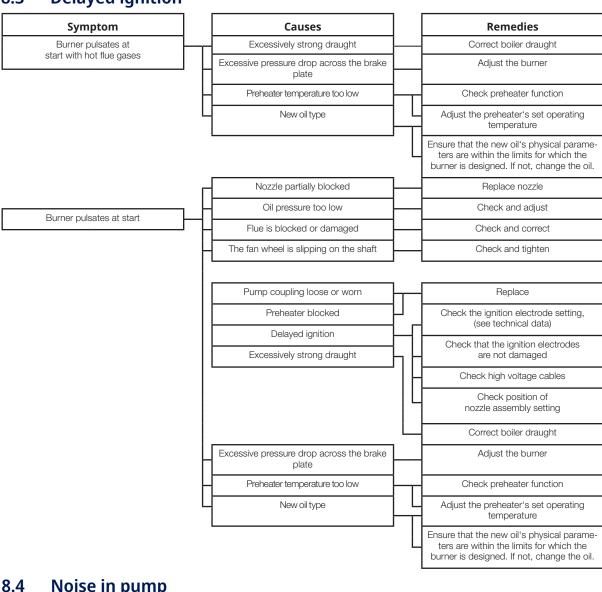


8.2 Burner will not start after normal use

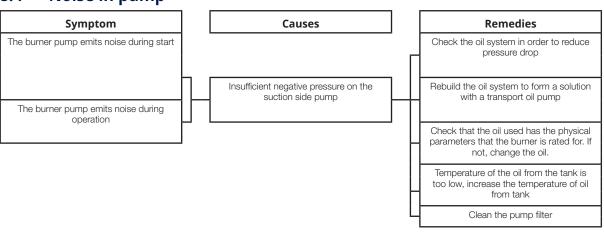


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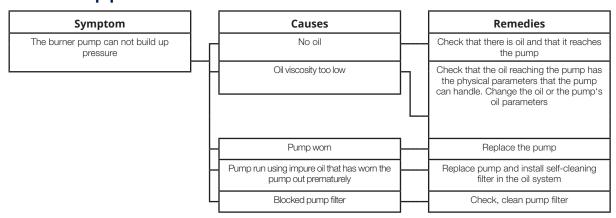
Delayed ignition 8.3



8.4 Noise in pump



8.5 Pump pressure



9. Log of flue gas analysis

Owner	Adre	Adresss		Tel. no:		
Installation					Tel. no:	
Boiler				'		
Туре		Make			Power kW	
Burner					1	
Туре	Model			Serial no.		Fuel
	Ste	ep 1		Step 2		Step 3
Draught in fireplace						
Fan Press mbar						
Filter smoke number						
CO ₂						
O ₂						
NOx						
со						
Flue gas temp. °C						
Setting brake disc						
Setting Air damper						
Pump pressure bar						
Nozzle						
Test performed / 20			Address			
Test performed by:			Postal addre	ess		
Company name:			Tel. no:			



EU Declaration of conformity

Bentone Oil Burners

Type:

BF 1 B 40 B 65

ST 146 B 45 B 70

B 30 B 55 B 80

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. The object of the declaration described above is in conformity with:

- Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC
- EMC 2014/30/EU
- The Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive 2011/65/EU

References to the relevant harmonised standards used or references to the other technical specifications in relation to which conformity is declared:

EN 267:2020 Including the requirements of Annex J/K.

Automatic forced draught burners for liquid fuels.

Additional information can be downloaded at: www.bentone.com

Manufacturer: Enertech AB Noti

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3E-341 34 LJUNGE

Sweden

Notified Body: TUV SÜD Product Service GmbH

Ridlerstaße 65

D-80339 München, Germany

Notified Body Number: 0123

Ljungby, 2022-10-10

Joachim Hultqvist

Technical Manager Enertech AB Ola Karlsson

Quality Manager Enertech AB





UK Declaration of conformity

Bentone Oil Burners

Type:

BF 1 B 40 B 65

ST 146 B 45 B 70

B 30 B 55 B 80

This declaration of conformity is issued under the sole responsibility of the manufacturer. The object of the declaration described above is in conformity with:

- Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016
- The Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations 2012

References to the relevant harmonised standards used or references to the other technical specifications in relation to which conformity is declared:

BS EN 267:2020 Including the requirements of Annex J/K.

Automatic forced draught burners for liquid fuels.

Additional information can be downloaded at: www.bentone.com

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